

Toxics Use Reduction Program Advisory

trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, CAS 156-60-5

(synonyms: trans DCE, trans-1,2-dichloroethene, 1,2-DCE)

The Toxics Use Reduction Program cautions companies that certain alternatives to trichloroethylene (TCE), perchloroethylene (perc) and n-propyl bromide (nPB) also present significant hazards to human health and/or the environment. *Trans*-1,2-dichloroethylene is one such alternative. It is listed on the TURA list of toxic or hazardous substances (see Table 1 below). It is, therefore, reportable if more than 10,000 lbs. are ‘otherwise used’ in one calendar year. ***Trans*-DCE is not considered a preferable alternative** to TCE, perc, nPB or other hazardous solvents.

Trans-DCE has a high vapor pressure (336 mm Hg @ 25°C), has a low boiling point (48.5°C), is a flammable liquid (flash point 2°C), and is a regulated VOC. While having lower human toxicity than some other halogenated solvents, *trans*-DCE is an immune system toxicant and a neurotoxin. Acute exposure can cause central nervous system depression and chronic exposure can cause liver, circulatory, immune system and central nervous system damage.

Trans-DCE is often used in blends with fluoroalkanes or hydrofluoroethers (HFEs) (e.g., Fluosolv™ CX, Vertrel™ SDG, and Opteon™ Sion). This expands the range of cleaning power of HFEs, while the HFEs lower the flammability of the mixture. While the HFEs have lower human toxicity than *trans*-DCE and are not flammable, they do contribute to global warming, break down into very persistent and toxic PFAS (per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances) chemicals, and are more expensive than many solvents.

Identifying safer drop-in substitutes for TCE, perc, nPB and other halogenated solvents is challenging. Staff at the [Toxics Use Reduction Institute \(TURI\)](#) and the [Massachusetts Office of Technical Assistance and Technology \(OTA\)](#) would be happy to work with your company to investigate safer alternatives for your specific needs.

Reporting *trans*- and *cis*-1,2 dichloroethylene

Both *trans*- and *cis*-1,2-dichloroethylene are reportable under TURA. The *trans* isomer is reportable as an individual chemical, while the *cis* isomer is reportable as part of a category. The mixture of the two isomers is also reportable as an individual chemical under TURA. Table 1 summarizes this information for companies that may be subject to reporting requirements

Table 1. TURA Reporting for 1,2 Dichloroethylene

<i>trans</i> -1,2-Dichloroethylene	CAS 156-60-5	TURA listed
<i>cis</i> -1,2-Dichloroethylene	CAS 156-59-2	Reportable as part of TURA category “C1-C4 Halogenated Hydrocarbons and Halocarbons Not Otherwise Listed” (“C1-C4 Halogenated NOL”)
<i>cis</i> - and <i>trans</i> -mixture	CAS 540-59-0	TURA listed

Note: The *cis* isomer of DCE is not commonly used in commercial cleaning solvents; it is provided here for information only.